

Year 7: Computer Science

Michaelmas 1	<p>Understand what is meant by Esafety and how to be safe and responsible while using different technologies.</p> <p>The impact of the internet and being connected to our wellbeing. Explore different forms of bullying that affect young people:</p> <p>Computer Systems: Elements of a computer system</p>
Michaelmas 2	<p>Describe the function of the hardware components of a computer system (CPU, main memory, secondary storage) and how they work together. Data Representation (binary)</p> <p>Explain why computers use binary to represent data and program instructions. Convert between binary and denary</p>
Lent 1	<p>HTML (Website creation) Scripts programming</p> <p>Learn HTML and CSS.</p> <p>Develop a basic website with at 3 web pages</p>
Lent 2	<p>Spreadsheet:</p> <p>Spreadsheet be formatted, use formulas in spreadsheets, spreadsheet model,</p>
Trinity 1	<p>Databases (SQL):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •A flat-file or two-table relational database of their own, using suitable field types and adding in appropriate validations •An input form with help text, combo boxes and list boxes •Queries and a report using data from one or both tables <p>a front-end menu for their application linking to the database input form and report</p>
Trinity 2	<p>Algorithm/Python Programming:</p> <p>How to create algorithms in a flowchart & Pseudocode. Use selection, sequence and iteration on python. Uses more than two (if, elif and else) conditions to make decisions within a python program</p>



Year 8: Computer Science

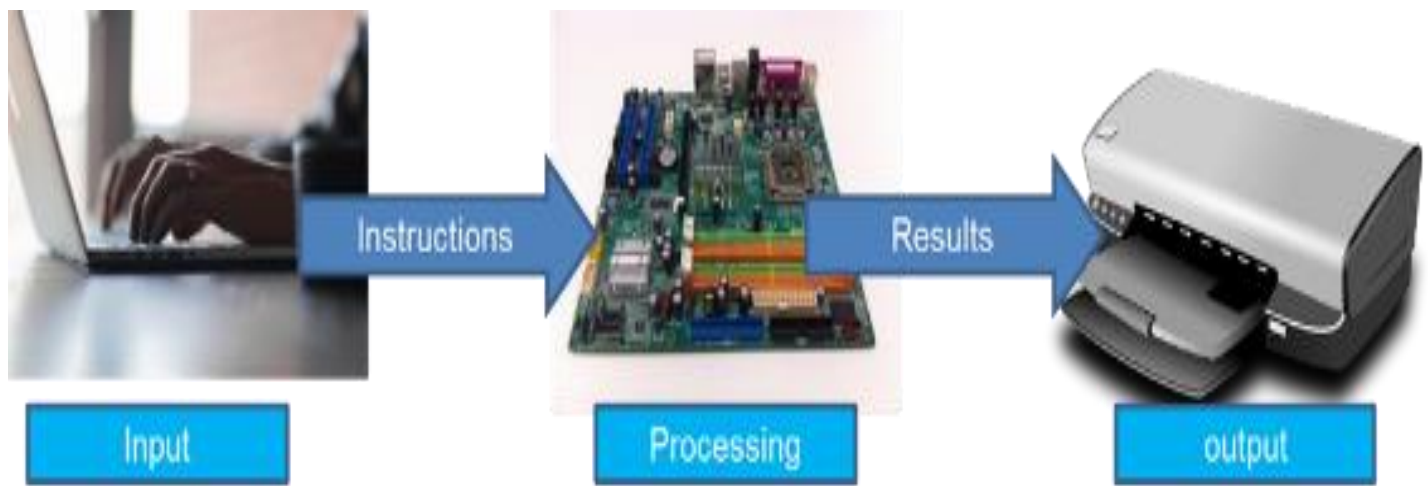
Michaelmas 1	<p>Understand what is meant by eSafety and how to be safe and responsible while using different technologies.</p> <p>The impact of the internet and being connected to our wellbeing. Explore different forms of bullying that affect young people:</p> <p>Computer Systems: Architecture of the CPU</p>
Michaelmas 2	<p>Describe the function of the hardware components of a computer system (CPU, main memory, secondary storage) and how they work together.</p> <p>Advance Data Representation (binary)</p> <p>Explain why computers use binary to represent data and program instructions. Convert between binary and denary</p>
Lent 1	<p>Advance HTML (Website creation) Scripts programming</p> <p>Learn HTML and CSS.</p> <p>Develop a basic website with at 3 web pages</p>
Lent 2	<p>Advance Spreadsheet:</p> <p>Spreadsheet be formatted, use formulas in spreadsheets, spreadsheet model,</p>
Trinity 1	<p>Advance Databases (SQL):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •A flat-file or two-table relational database of their own, using suitable field types and adding in appropriate validations •An input form with help text, combo boxes and list boxes •Queries and a report using data from one or both tables <p>a front-end menu for their application linking to the database input form and report</p>
Trinity 2	<p>Advance Algorithm/Python Programming:</p> <p>How to create algorithms in a flowchart & Pseudocode. Use selection, sequence and iteration on python. Uses more than two (if, elif and else) conditions to make decisions within a python program</p>



Computer

Year 9: Computer Science

Michaelmas 1	<p>1.1 -Systems architecture & 2.1 – Algorithms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Architecture of the CPU • “ The purpose of the CPU: • The fetch-execute cycle • “ Common CPU components and their function: • ALU (Arithmetic Logic Unit) • CU (Control Unit), Cache, Registers, “ Von Neumann architecture: • MAR (Memory Address Register), MDR (Memory Data Register) • Program Counter, o Accumulator • Designing, creating and refining algorithms
Michaelmas 2	<p>1.1 Systems architecture & 2.1 – Algorithms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.2.1 Primary storage (memory) • Searching and sorting algorithms • Standard sorting algorithms: Bubble sort, Merge sort, Insertion sort • Sequence, Selection, Iteration (count- and condition-controlled loops) • Create, interpret, correct, complete, and refine algorithms using: • Pseudocode, Flowcharts, o Reference language/high-level programming language
Lent 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • – Memory and storage & 2.2 – Programming fundamentals • The need for primary storage • The difference between RAM and ROM • The purpose of ROM in a computer system • The purpose of RAM in a computer system • Virtual memory, Cache • Optical, Magnetic, Solid state • The common arithmetic operators • The common Boolean operators AND, OR and NOT
Lent 2	<p>1.2– Memory and storage & 2.2 – Programming fundamentals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The use of data types: • The advantages and disadvantages of different storage devices and storage media relating to these characteristics: Capacity, Speed, Portability, Durability, Reliability, Cost • The units of data storage: Bit, Nibble (4 bits), Byte (8 bits), Kilobyte (1,000 bytes or 1 KB)
Trinity 1	<p>1.3 – Computer networks, connections and protocols & 2.2.2 Data types - 2.2.3 Additional programming techniques</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Networks and topologies • The Internet as a worldwide collection of computer networks • Wired and wireless networks, protocols and layers • Open, Read, Write, Close
Trinity 2	<p>1.3 – Computer networks, connections and protocols & 2.2.2 Data types</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modes of connection: Wired, Ethernet, Wireless, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth • Common protocols including: • TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) • HTTP (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol) • o HTTPS (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure)



Year 10: Computer Science

Michaelmas 1	1.4 -Network security & 2.3 – Producing robust programs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threats to computer systems and networks • Identifying and preventing vulnerabilities • Utility software • Defensive design
Michaelmas 2	1.4-Network security & 2.3 – Producing robust programs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defensive design & Testing • Identify common errors • Trace tables
Lent 1	1.5 – Systems software & 2.4 – Boolean logic <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operating systems, The purpose and functionality of operating systems: • User interface, Memory management and multitasking • Peripheral management and drivers • User management, File management • Simple logic diagrams using the operators AND, OR and NOT
Lent 2	1.5 – Systems software & 2.4 – Boolean logic <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Simple logic diagrams using the operators AND, OR and NOT • The purpose and functionality of utility software • Utility system software: • Encryption software • Defragmentation • Data compression
Trinity 1	1.6 – Ethical, legal, cultural and environmental impacts of digital technology 2.5 – Programming languages and Integrated Development Environments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ethical, legal, cultural and environmental impact • Legislation relevant to Computer Science: • Characteristics and purpose of different levels of programming language: High-level languages, Low-level languages
Trinity 2	1.6 – Ethical, legal, cultural and environmental impacts of digital technology 2.5 – Programming languages and Integrated Development Environments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Data Protection Act 2018 • Computer Misuse Act 1990 • Copyright Designs and Patents Act 1988 • Software licences (i.e. open source and proprietary)

Year 11: Revision -Computer Science



Michaelmas 1	<p>1.1 -Systems architecture & 2.1 – Algorithms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Architecture of the CPU • " The purpose of the CPU: • The fetch-execute cycle • " Common CPU components and their function: <p>1.2.1 Primary storage (memory)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Searching and sorting algorithms • Standard sorting algorithms: Bubble sort, Merge sort, Insertion sort • Sequence, Selection, Iteration (count- and condition-controlled loops) • Create, interpret, correct, complete, and refine algorithms using: • Pseudocode, Flowcharts, o Reference language/high-level programming language <p>1.2– Memory and storage & 2.2 – Programming fundamentals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The use of data types: • The advantages and disadvantages of different storage devices and storage media relating to these characteristics: Capacity, Speed, Portability, Durability, Reliability, Cost
Michaelmas 2	<p>1.3 – Computer networks, connections and protocols & 2.2.2 Data types - 2.2.3 Additional programming techniques</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Networks and topologies • The Internet as a worldwide collection of computer networks <p>1.4 -Network security & 2.3 – Producing robust programs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threats to computer systems and networks • Identifying and preventing vulnerabilities
Lent 1	<p>1.5 – Systems software & 2.4 – Boolean logic</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operating systems, The purpose and functionality of operating systems: • User interface, Memory management and multitasking <p>1.6 – Ethical, legal, cultural and environmental impacts of digital technology</p> <p>2.5 – Programming languages and Integrated Development Environments</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ethical, legal, cultural and environmental impact
Lent 2	Exam Practice
Trinity 1	Exam Practice
Trinity 2	Exam practice